

Matrox Odyssey eCL/XCL

Camera Interface Application Note

DALSA Pantera DS-21-04M15

August 18, 2006

*Basics about the
camera*

Camera Descriptions

- Effective Resolution: $2048 \times 2048 \times 10\text{-bit}$ @ 16 fps.
- Camera Link BASE interface (two taps).
- Progressive scan.
- Internal sync.
- Internal or external exposure control.
- 40 MHz pixel clock rate.

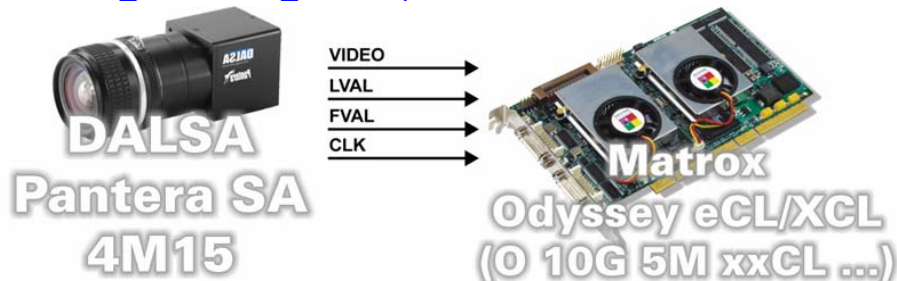
Interface Modes

- Continuous (Internal SYNC)
- Pseudo-continuous (Smart EXSYNC)
- Asynchronous reset (Smart EXSYNC)

Camera Interface Briefs

Mode 1: Continuous

- $2048 \times 2048 \times 10\text{-bit}$ @ 16 fps.
- Camera Link BASE interface (two taps).
- Matrox Odyssey eCL/XCL receiving LVAL, FVAL, PIXEL CLOCK (CLK @ 40 MHz) and video signals from camera.
- DCF: [4M15_2048x2048_10bit2tapCon.DCF](#)



Mode 2: Pseudo-continuous

- $2048 \times 2048 \times 10\text{-bit}$.
- Camera Link BASE interface (two taps).
- Matrox Odyssey eCL/XCL sending periodic EXPOSURE1 (CC1) signal to camera to initiate and control exposure time.
- Matrox Odyssey eCL/XCL receiving LVAL, FVAL, PIXEL CLOCK (CLK @ 40 MHz) and video signals from camera.
- DCF: [4M15_2048x2048_10bit2tapPcon.DCF](#)

*Mode of operations as
per Matrox Imaging (in
parentheses as per
camera manufacturer)*

*Basics about the
interface modes*

Matrox Odyssey eCL/XCL

Camera Interface Application Note

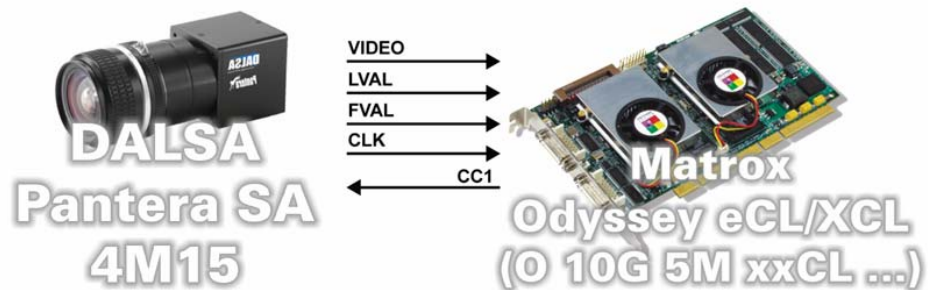
DALSA Pantera DS-21-04M15

August 18, 2006

Basics about the
interface modes

Camera Interface Briefs (continued)

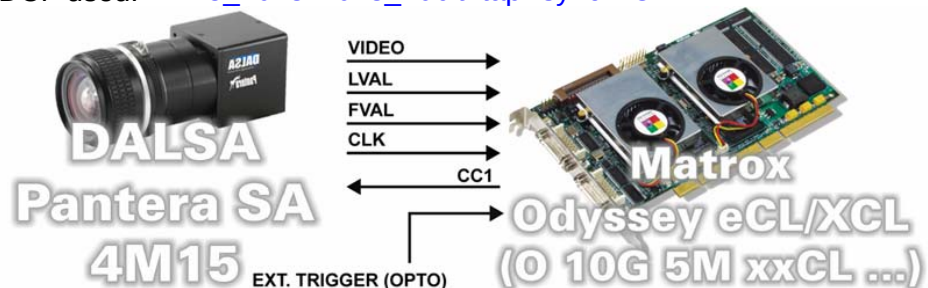
Mode 2: Pseudo-continuous



Basics about the
interface modes

Mode 3: Asynchronous reset

- 2048 × 2048 × 10-bit.
- Camera Link BASE interface (two taps).
- Progressive scan.
- Matrox Odyssey eCL/XCL receiving external OPTO trigger signal.
- Matrox Odyssey eCL/XCL sending EXPOSURE1 (CC1) signal to camera to initiate and control exposure time.
- Matrox Odyssey eCL/XCL receiving LVAL, FVAL, PIXEL CLOCK (CLK @ 40 MHz) and video signals from camera.
- DCF used: [4M15_2048x2048_10bit2tapAsync.DCF](#)



Specifics about the
interface modes

Camera Interface Details

Mode 1: Continuous

- **Frame Rate:** With this DCF, the Matrox Odyssey eCL/XCL receives the continuous video from the camera at 16 frames per second.
- **Exposure time:** Exposure time is determined by the shutter setting. Refer to the camera manual for more information.

Matrox Odyssey eCL/XCL

Camera Interface Application Note

DALSA Pantera DS-21-04M15

August 18, 2006

Specifics about the
interface modes

Camera Interface Details (cont.)

Mode 1: Continuous

- **Camera Control:** The camera mode is set using Windows HyperTerminal utility. Refer to the camera manual for the command descriptions.

Mode	Setting
Exposure mode	Sem 2
Data output mode	Sdm 0

Mode 2: Pseudo-continuous

- **Frame Rate:** With this DCF, the Matrox Odyssey eCL/XCL receives the pseudo-continuous video from the camera. Frame rate is controlled by the frequency of the EXPOSURE1 (CC1) signal.
- **Exposure time:** The width (rising edge to falling edge) of the EXPOSURE1 (CC1) signal is the exposure time. To modify the exposure time, change the **active** duration of Timer1 in Matrox Intellicam, ONL imCamControl() or imDigControl() function or with the MIL MdigControl() function. It is recommended that the **inactive** period of Timer1 be set to greater than one frame duration. Furthermore, any increase or decrease to the exposure time will respectively decrease or increase the frame rate.
- **Camera Control:** The camera mode is set using Windows HyperTerminal utility. Refer to the camera manual for the command descriptions.

Mode	Setting
Exposure mode	Sem 4
Data output mode	Sdm 0

Mode 3: Asynchronous Reset

- **Frame rate:** The frame rate is determined by the frequency of the external trigger signal. The period between external trigger signals must be larger than the total duration of the exposure time (pulse period of Timer1) plus the time for one frame.
- **Exposure time:** The width (rising edge to falling edge) of the EXPOSURE1 (CC1) signal is the exposure time. To modify the exposure time, change the pulse duration of Timer1 in Matrox Intellicam or with the MIL MdigControl() function. Refer to the respective manual for more information.
- **Camera Control:** The camera mode is set using Windows HyperTerminal utility. Refer to the camera manual for the command descriptions.

Mode	Setting
Exposure mode	Sem 4
Data output mode	Sdm 0

Matrox Odyssey eCL/XCL

Camera Interface Application Note

DALSA Pantera DS-21-04M15

August 18, 2006

Cabling details for the
interface modes

Cabling Requirements

Mode 1 and 2: Continuous and Pseudo-continuous

- **Cable and Connection:** Standard Camera Link cable.

Mode 3: Asynchronous reset

- **Cable and Connection:** Standard Camera Link.
- **External trigger:** External trigger should be connected to the OPTO TRIG input of the 9-pin connector (pins 7 and 2) on the Expanded I/O adapter bracket.

EXPANDED I/O BRACKET (9-pin connector)

External Trigger Source

OPTOTRIG +	07	←	SIGNAL	--
OPTOTRIG -	02	←	GROUND	--

The DCFs mentioned in this application note are also attached (embedded) to this PDF file – use the Adobe Reader's View File Attachment to access the DCF files. The information furnished by Matrox Electronics System, Ltd. is believed to be accurate and reliable. Please verify all interface connections with camera documentation or manual. Contact your local sales representative or Matrox Sales office or Matrox Imaging Applications at 514-822-6061 for assistance. © Matrox Electronic Systems Ltd, 2006-2011.

Matrox Electronic Systems Ltd.

1055 St. Regis Blvd.
Dorval, Quebec H9P 2T4
Canada
Tel: (514) 685-2630
Fax: (514) 822-6273

ODY-CID-100

